

RECOMMENDATION 1:

DEVELOP AND APPLY AN INTEGRATED SYSTEM FOR THE COLLECTION, ANALYSIS AND MAINTENANCE OF STATISTICS AND DOCUMENTS

Peru reports that it has taken steps to obtain financial support from international organisms and from the Kingdom of Belgium. Internally it is proceeding to adjust the monitoring and evaluation systems of projects and activities implemented by various governmental and civil society institutions.

CICAD acknowledges the progress made by the country in its efforts to acquire a data collection system, and encourages Peru to continue with its efforts to fully comply with the recommendation.

RECOMMENDATION 2:

DEVELOP AND IMPLEMENT PREVENTION PROGRAMS FOR PRISONERS AND PRISON OFFICERS

Peru reports that it has initiated activities related to holding training courses in the Peruvian penitentiary system. Nongovernmental organizations have participated in these activities and cooperation agreements have been signed with a Peruvian university aimed at establishing a scholarship program for a master's degree in addictive behavior and violence.

CICAD expresses its satisfaction over the fulfillment of this recommendation.

RECOMMENDATION 3:

DEVELOP SPECIALIZED PROGRAMS FOR AGENTS OF THE NATIONAL CENTER FOR CRIMINOLOGICAL AND PENITENTIARY STUDIES AS WELL AS TRAINING PROGRAMS FOR PRISONERS

Peru reports that several courses are underway on prevention in connection with the offense of drug trafficking, domestic violence, health – especially AIDS – prevention among adolescent groups, self-esteem and educational methods for communication for prison staff, the family and community in general for agents of the National Center for Criminological and Penitentiary Studies and for prisoners.

At the same time, the country reports that an integrated drug prevention program is being conducted in the Peruvian penitentiary system with international assistance.

Drug use and abuse programs have also been conducted with assistance from various private institutions.

CICAD expresses its satisfaction over the fulfillment of this recommendation.

RECOMMENDATION 4:

INTRODUCE ONGOING EVALUATION STUDIES TO ASSESS TREATMENT AND REHABILITATION PROGRAMS AND THEIR MODALITIES

Peru reports that it has complied in areas related to service program evaluations, initiating activities related to the evaluation of treatment and rehabilitation methods based on the National Prevention and Rehabilitation Program 2001-2005.



CICAD recognizes the progress made and the partial fulfillment of this recommendation and encourages Peru to continue with its efforts to fully comply with the recommendation.

RECOMMENDATION 5:

CONTINUE WORK IN THE STRENGTHENING OF CONTROL MECHANISMS TO MONITOR AND ASSESS AREAS OF ILLICIT CROP PRODUCTION AND ERADICATION PROGRAMS

Peru reports that it is continuing to undertake a series of actions and measures to comply with this recommendations referring to efforts to achieve complete eradication of illicit coca and poppy crops. It also reports having eradicated 6,206 hectares in 2000 and 2,224 additional hectares through July this year.

At the same time the Monitoring and Evaluation Unit of CONTRADROGAS has started implementing an information system in order to be able to gauge the impact of the aforementioned activities on reduction of the coca supply in Peru.

Also underway is a Monitoring and Evaluation System for the Alternative Development Program (ADP), financed by USAID. This system centralizes the statistics, verifies the outcomes of program execution, and assesses the impact of the aforementioned program.

With financial and technical assistance from the United States and UNDCP, two coca production-monitoring programs are also underway. They have served to record the area devoted to coca cultivation and coca leaf prices. Activities under these two projects are being coordinated with national and international institutions involved in this field.

Peru believes that if it is to be able to pursue its crop reduction process, it is once again essential to bring down the price of coca leaves, by stepping up enforcement action and adapting it to the new trafficking and routing patterns.

Likewise, Peru considers that alternative development is a fundamental element of this strategy which will offer farmers viable alternatives to the cultivation of coca leaves.

CICAD expresses its satisfaction at Peru's position on the need to strengthen international cooperation both in terms of reducing the price of coca leaves and poppy and intensifying efforts in the areas of interdiction and crop elimination.

CICAD also takes note of the fact that it is Peru's permanent objective to detect and eliminate the aforementioned crops.

RECOMMENDATION 6:

CREATE A SYSTEM THAT WILL ENABLE AVAILABILITY OF DATA ON ILLICIT ACTIVITIES RELATING TO THE MOVEMENT OF FIREARMS, AMMUNITION, EXPLOSIVES, AND OTHER RELATED MATERIALS. ALSO, CONDUCT A STUDY ON SEIZURES, ORIGIN, AND ROUTING OF FIREARMS, AMMUNITION, EXPLOSIVES AND OTHER RELATED MATERIALS

Peru reports that the National Police has expressed interest in creating an integrated information system, and an effort is being made to elicit international cooperation to that end.

Peru mentions that, with occasional exceptions, there is little illicit trafficking in firearms and it describes the procedures to be followed with arms seized.



The country also refers to budgetary limitations which, given the priorities assigned in this field, impede implementation of the recommendation.

Mention is also made of the need for assistance in order to be able to set up a database containing information of arms possession, type of arms, and their origin.

The recommendation stands.

RECOMMENDATION 7:

ESTABLISH A CENTRAL AGENCY RESPONSIBLE FOR RECEIVING, REQUESTING, ANALYZING, AND DISSEMINATING TO THE RELEVANT AUTHORITIES INFORMATION CONCERNING FINANCIAL TRANSACTIONS, AND THAT WILL COLLABORATE IN THE EXCHANGE OF INFORMATION

Peru reports that it has introduced draft legislation to create a Financial Analysis Unit that is currently under review in the Congress of the Republic. It further states that it might take at least a year to create this unit.

CICAD takes note of this circumstance and hopes that the remaining steps will be taken to fulfill this recommendation, which therefore still stands.

RECOMMENDATION 8:

CONTINUE EFFORTS TO ESTIMATE THE HUMAN, SOCIAL, AND ECONOMIC COST OF THE DRUG PROBLEM

CICAD concludes that for this recommendation to be implemented, it will be necessary to devise a project addressing the methodological bases for conducting a study of the social, human, and economic costs of the drug problem.

Accordingly, in the first half of 2002 CICAD, together with states in the Hemisphere that have progressed in this area, will present a proposed basic and homogeneous methodology applicable to all countries.

FINAL COMMENT

CICAD has studied the replies provided by Peru regarding the recommendations made in the 1999-2000 Evaluation Report.

CICAD acknowledges the steps taken and progress made by Peru, which may be inferred from the replies made to the recommendations, particularly in connection with the preparation and execution of prevention programs for penitentiary staff and prisoners; evaluation studies on treatment and rehabilitation programs and methods; efforts to detect and eradicate illicit crops; and, alternative development programs.



